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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/692,494	10/19/2000	Kristine B. Fuimaono	39716/KMO/W112	6739
23363 75	590 04/21/2003			
CHRISTIE, PARKER & HALE, LLP 350 WEST COLORADO BOULEVARD SUITE 500			EXAMINER	
			RODRIGUEZ, CRIS LOIREN	
PASADENA, CA 91105			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3763	12
			DATE MAILED: 04/21/2003	13

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		A			
	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
•	09/692,494	FUIMAONO ET AL.			
Offic Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Cris L. Rodriguez	3763			
The MAILING DATE f this communication apperiod for Reply	op ars on the cover shet with	th corr spondenc address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior - Faiture to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	.136(a). In no event, however, may a replicible. ply within the statutory minimum of thirty (3 discount of the statutory minimum of thirty (3 discount of the statutory minimum of the statutory of the statuto	y be timely filed 80) days will be considered timely. S from the mailing date of this communication. DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>03</u>	February 2003 .				
2a)☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ 7	his action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>11,12,17,18,26,27 and 30-34, 36-73</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) 11,12,26,27,43-46,52-55 and 57-60 is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>17,18,30-34,36-42,47-51,56 and 61</u>	-73 is/are rejected.				
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and Application Papers	or election requirement.				
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.					
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority docume	nts have been received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority docume	nts have been received in App	olication No			
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes	stic priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(e) (to a provisional application).			
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language p 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dome	rovisional application has bee	n received.			
Attachment(s)	•				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Info	mmary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) ormal Patent Application (PTO-152) .			
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 04-01) Office	Action Summary	Part of Paper No. 13			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 17, 18, 30-42, 47-51, 56, and 62-73 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Haissaguerre et al (US 6,068,629) in view of Swanson et al (US 6,428,537).

Haissaguerre discloses electrophysiology catheters and method for atrial fibrillation treatment in the heart. The catheters have a generally rigid probe body (the proximal end portion is stiffer than the distal end portion), a flexible irrigation tube fixedly attached to the distal end of the probe body and having at least irrigation openings (col. 8, lines 20-30, and in col. 9 line 61 - col. 10 line 3 discloses the use of holes), an infusion tube 75, and an electrode having a metal ribbon around to irrigation tube (fig. 3, 16A-17, and 19A-B). In figure 19A-B, it is set forth that arms 170,172 are allowed to pivot at a central living hinge at their connection 174 with shaft 6 (Col. 13, lines 50-56). The step of opening the heart of the patient is found in col. 2, lines 43-47. In col. 10, lines 31-35 is disclosed other methods of access into the heart. However, Haissaguerre fails to disclose the irrigation tube forming a loop, the length of the probe and the diameter of the loop, the metal ribbon made of nitinol, and a malleable probe tubular body.

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Swanson teaches electrophysiology catheter systems and probes, and methods for treatment of atrial fibrillation in the heart. Swanson made a distinction between catheters and probes, and also set forth that the catheters configuration can be made as probes (see column 24). Swanson teaches several embodiments, but see more specifically to figs. 9, 11, and 23. It is also included a loop-shaped probe (fig 23), and that the probe tubular body can be rigid or malleable. Also, it is inherent that if the probe is going to be rigid and is going to be used for atrial fibrillation in the heart, the heart has to be opened. Given the teachings, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Haissaguerre' catheter's configuration with Swanson's loop configuration, since applicant has not disclosed that such solve any stated problem or is anything more than one of numerous shapes or configurations a person ordinary skill in the art would find obvious for the purpose of atrial fibrillation. In re Dailey and Eilers, 149 USPQ 47 (1966). Furthermore, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to make the catheter with the claimed diameters and length, since such modification would have involved a mere change in the size of the catheter and loop. A change in size is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art. In re Rose, 105 USPQ 237 (CCPA 1955). Also, the selection of a nitinol material for the ribbon has been rendered as an obvious design choice, since the selection of a known material based on its suitability for its intended use supported a prima facie obviousness determination in Sinclair & Carroll Co. v. Interchemical Corp., 325 U.S. 327, 65 USPQ 297 (1945).

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments with respect to the claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

4. In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); *In re Merck & Co.*, 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Cris L. Rodriguez whose telephone number is (703) 308-2194. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30 am - 4:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Brian Casler can be reached on (703) 308-3552. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 305-3590 for regular communications and (703) 305-3590 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0858.

April 9, 2003

Cris L. Rodriguez Examiner Art Unit 3763

MICHAEL J. HAYES PRIMARY EXAMINER

Michael / Hayer